

I. What is limited atonement?

II. Who is Jesus Christ?

- A. Savior of God's people (Lk. 1:68-79)
- B. Propitiation for sin (1 John 2:2)
- C. Head over all things (Eph. 1:22-23)
- D. Son of God (John 1:17-18; Heb. 3:5-6)

III. What did Jesus accomplish when he died?

- A. Eternal redemption (Heb. 9:11-12; Ti. 2:11-14)
- B. A new covenant (Heb. 9:15-17)
- C. Salvation for God's elect (Rom. 8:28-35)

IV. What about John 3:16?

- A. "The world" in John (John 1:10; 7:7; 14:17; 15:18-19; 1 Jn. 2:15-17)
- B. John's argument with the Jews (John 5:1-17; 7:7; 8-9)
- C. John's limited view of the atonement (John 10:11, 14-15; 13:1; 17:1-2, 6, 9-12)

V. What does it mean that Jesus is Savior of all people?

- A. Titus 2:11 & 1 Tim. 4:10
- B. "Savior and "Salvation"
- C. "You shall call his name Jesus"
- D. Election, atonement, and redemption in Christ (Rom. 3:23-26; Eph. 1)

Further reading:

Westminster Confession of Faith chapters 6-8

Canons of Dort, Second Head of Doctrine

Murray, John. Redemption Accomplished and Applied. Grand Rapids:
Eerdmans, 1955.