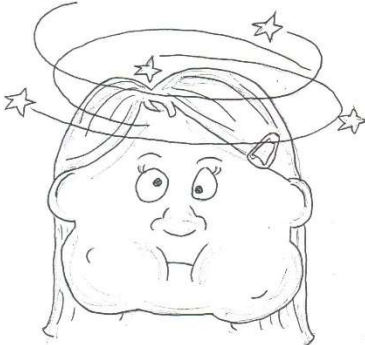

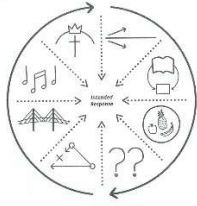



Theology	Language
<p>Review <i>canon</i> and <i>canonization</i>. <i>Then sing the books of the New Testament!</i></p> <p>Review <i>transmission</i> and <i>translation</i>, which ground the <i>text and readability</i> of a version.</p> <p>Eight Rules of Interpretation</p> <p><i>Stay on the Line</i> – do not add or take away <i>Text over Framework</i> – do not see what you want <i>Genre</i> – do not “eat” the literature in the same way <i>Ask Good Questions</i> – surface level, then deep ones <i>Traveling Instructions</i> – written <i>to</i> them and <i>for</i> us <i>Structure</i> – just enough to get us from here to there <i>Melody</i> – main idea and intended response <i>Biblical Theology</i> – tracing the strands to Christ</p> <p><small>This list from WordPartners is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International License. To view a copy of this license, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/.</small></p>	<p>Eight Parts of Speech</p> <p><i>Nouns</i> and <i>Proper Nouns</i> <i>Pronouns</i> and 1st, 2nd, and 3rd-<i>person</i> examples <i>Verb</i> – an action or a state of being <i>Action Verb</i> – <i>transitive</i> or <i>intransitive</i> <i>State of Being</i> – a “be” verb or a linking verb</p> <p>The “Be” Verbs – am, are, is, was, were Linking Verb – can replace the “be” verb <i>Example: I am</i> tired. <i>I feel</i> tired. <i>I look</i> tired.</p>
Scripture	Proverb
<p>The Name of God: Yahweh (LORD) “I am.” “I am who I am.” —Exodus 3:14</p> <p>The Name of God Applied “And I will be gracious to whom I will be gracious, and I will have mercy on whom I will have mercy.” —Exodus 33:19</p> <p>The Name of God Explained “The LORD, the LORD God, merciful and gracious, slow to anger, and abounding in loyal love and truth; who keeps loyal love for thousands, who forgives iniquity, transgression, and sin; yet He will by no means leave the guilty unpunished, visiting the iniquity of fathers on the children and on the grandchildren to the third and fourth generations.” —Exodus 34:6-7</p> <p>Bonus: The Ten Commandments <i>How well do you know the bonus song?</i></p> <p>I. God is one! The tables, two! Ten Commandments we must do. <i>What are the first five commandments?</i> Often, Lord, these laws we break! Save us now for Jesus’ sake.</p> <p>II. God is one! The tables, two! Ten Commandments we must do. <i>What are the final five commandments?</i> Often, Lord, these laws we break! Save us now for Jesus’ sake.</p>	<p>Give ear and <i>hear</i> the words of the wise and set your heart to what I know; for words are pleasant when they arise assembled and ready from down below.</p> <p>That in the Lord may be your trust, I teach you now today—I must!</p> <p>Have I not written to <i>you</i> thirty words in counsel and information, That <i>you</i> may learn, that <i>you</i> may answer the truth in recitation?</p> <p>Eight Do not eat the miser’s meat, For as he thinks, so is he. He may say, “Eat;” it may taste sweet; But it will make you dizzy. —from Proverbs 23:6-8</p> 

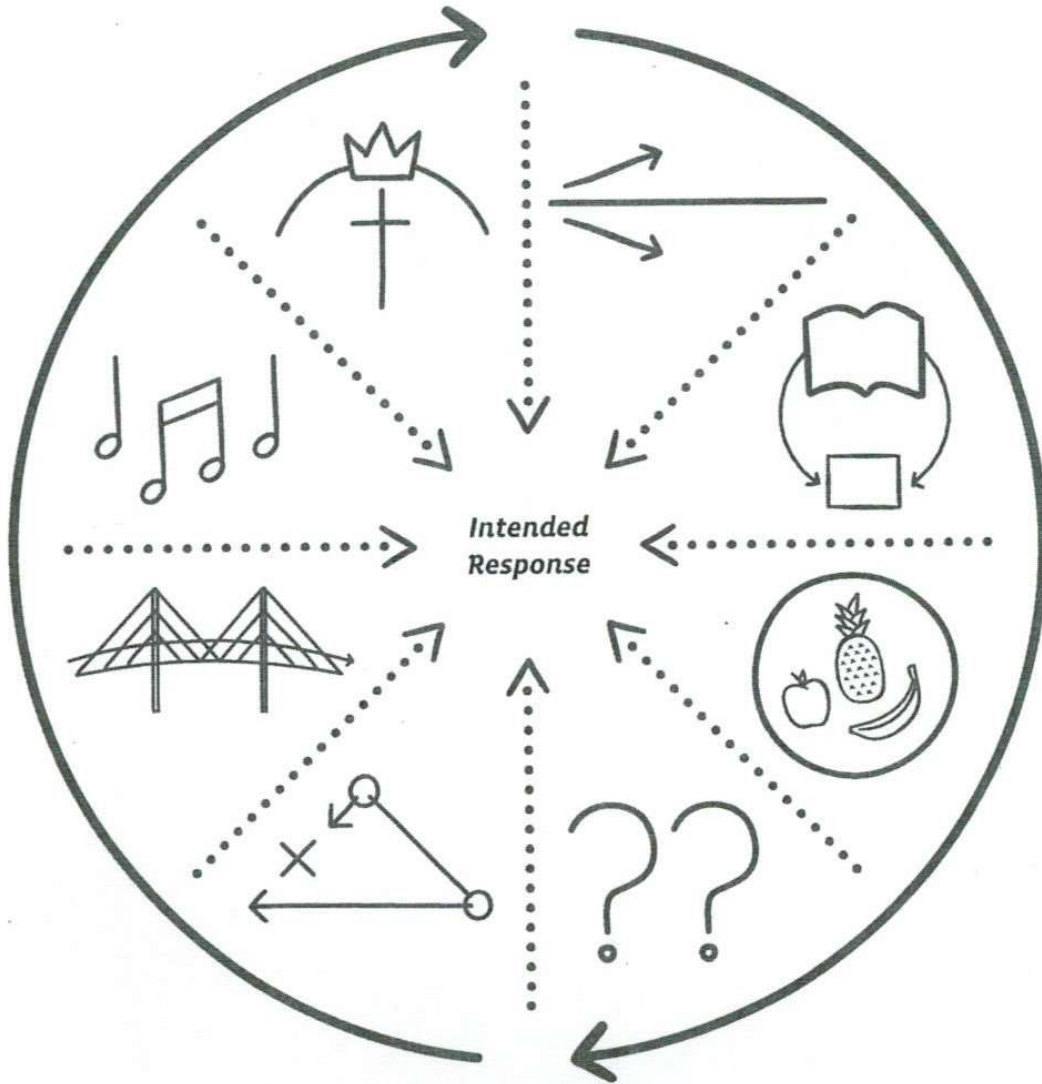
Memorization – Week 8

Spring Branch Academy – Page 2

Math	Science
<p><i>Number Sets – the basic four and the bonus ones</i> Groupings – pair, week, dozen, and the decimal system</p> <p>Groupings of Tens Ones and Tens, Hundreds and Thousands, Millions, Billions, and Trillions!</p> <p>Decimal System The digits tell how many we have of each grouping. The number is the addition of the groupings.</p> <p><i>Example:</i> 723 = 7 hundreds + 2 tens + 3 ones</p>	<p><i>What is the smallest unit that is alive?</i> <i>What is the chain in organizational biology?</i> <i>What defines that something is alive biologically?</i> Hint: Seven things!</p> <p>Botany – the study of plants Zoology – the study of animals</p> <p>Anatomy – the study of structure Physiology – the study of function</p> <p>Bonus: <i>Cytology</i> – the study of cells <i>Histology</i> – the study of tissues</p>
Geography and Chronology	History
<p>Introduction Chant One, two, three, four, seven, ten, and twelve, Four-dee, sev’n-dee, tell the story well!</p> <p>Seven <i>Sing the Revelation Seven Song with gusto!</i></p> <p>Mediterranean and Mesopotamia <i>The sea in the middle of the land, The land in the middle of the rivers, And Israel in the middle of the middles.</i></p> <p>Review the <i>meanings</i>, the <i>rivers</i>, and the <i>empires</i>.</p> <p>Ten <i>Ten plagues in Egypt, Ten commandments at Sinai, Ten unbelieving spies at Kadesh, And ten times of testing God in the Wilderness.</i></p> <p>Twelve Twelve hours before sunrise, Twelve hours after sunrise— For twelve months in a year. Twelve tribes before “Son-rise”, Twelve apostles after “Son-rise”— But <i>when will Christ appear?</i></p> <div style="text-align: center;">  <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block; margin-top: 10px;">BC / AD</div> </div>	<p>The Bible Timeline Moses and Aaron and ten plagues in Egypt— Forcing the Pharaoh to free the Jews <i>he</i> whipped; Passover, Red Sea, and wilderness grumbings; Manna, the Law—and mountainous rumblings; Covenant promises, golden-calf altar, God’s name explained: “I am who I am”— How can God <i> dwell</i> with a people of sin?</p> <p>Who is Moses? <i>The mediator of the Old Covenant.</i></p> <p>Moses, the Man of God Drawn from the water by Pharaoh’s own daughter, Nursed in the Lord by baby’s own mother— Moses, and the ark of God.</p> <p>Raised among princes until he was forty, Grazing the sheep until he was eighty— Moses, and the plan of God.</p> <p>Taking from Egypt the whole Hebrew nation, Drawn from the water by God in salvation— Moses, and the rod of God.</p> <p>Hearing the Law, but called as a prophet, Seeing rebellion, but praying to stop it— Moses, and the name of God.</p> <p>Striking the rock, rebelling at Mer’bah, Seeing the land, and dying on Pisgah— Moses, a true man of God.</p>

Theology	Language
<p>Review <i>canon</i> and <i>canonization</i>. <i>Then sing the books of the New Testament!</i></p> <p>Review <i>transmission</i> and <i>translation</i>, which ground the <i>text and readability</i> of a version.</p> <p>Eight Rules of Interpretation <i>Use the picture from WordPartners:</i></p>  <p><small>This diagram from WordPartners is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International License. To view a copy of this license, visit http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/.</small></p>	<p>Eight Parts of Speech <i>Nouns</i> and <i>Proper Nouns</i> <i>Pronouns</i> and 1st, 2nd, and 3rd-<i>person</i> examples <i>Verb</i> – an action or a state of being <i>Action Verb</i> – <i>transitive</i> or <i>intransitive</i> <i>State of Being</i> – a “be” verb or a linking verb</p> <p>The “Be” Verbs – am, are, is, was, were <i>Say this string of five words quickly in a row!</i></p> <p>Linking Verb – can replace the “be” verb <i>Example:</i> I am tired. I feel tired. I look tired. Note: A verb can be an action or a linking verb. <i>Example:</i> I feel the bumps and now I feel sick.</p>
Scripture	Proverb
<p>The tutor asks the question and students respond. The first two verses are the priority in the first year.</p> <p>What is the name of God? “I am.” “I am who I am.” —Exodus 3:14</p> <p>Note: The name of God is truly a verb (Heb. <i>Yahweh</i>). In essence, God just <i>is</i>. He has no needs. God is perfectly free to be what He wants to be.</p> <p>How is this freedom of God good news for sinners? “And I will be gracious to whom I will be gracious, and I will have mercy on whom I will have mercy.” —Exodus 33:19</p> <p>Note: This is told to Moses after the Golden Calf. In a sense, this adds color to “I am who I am.”</p> <p>What is the full name of God as told to Moses? “The LORD, the LORD God, merciful and gracious, slow to anger, and abounding in loyal love and truth; who keeps loyal love for thousands, who forgives iniquity, transgression, and sin; yet He will by no means leave the guilty unpunished, visiting the iniquity of fathers on the children and on the grandchildren to the third and fourth generations.” —Exodus 34:6-7</p> <p>Note: This name is echoed in the Psalms and prophets. This name explains why we hope in God (Ps. 9:10). Jesus manifested this name in “I am ___” (Jn. 17:6).</p> <p>Sing the bonus to “Hark the Herald Angels Sing.” Parents can work on this larger passage at home. The original can also be memorized (Exodus 20:1-17).</p>	<p>The teacher should memorize the introduction and quote it with <i>lively emphasis</i>, while looking the students one by one in the eye.</p> <p>Memorize: Do not eat the miser’s meat, For as he thinks, so is he. He may say, “Eat;” it may taste sweet; But it will make you dizzy. —from Proverbs 23:6-8</p> <p>The <i>saying</i> should be memorized, but not the reference. Show the picture (see the document of thirty pictures).</p> <p>Note: Do not trust the “gift” of a selfish person. Selfishness uses a “gift” to <i>get</i> something, like <i>bait</i>. In contrast, love uses a gift to <i>give</i> something.</p> <p>Selfishness is often <i>hidden</i>—in how a person <i>thinks</i>. Who we are on the <i>inside</i> is who we <i>really</i> are.</p>

Math	Science									
<p><i>Number Sets – the basic four and the bonus ones</i> <i>Groupings – pair, week, dozen, and the decimal system</i></p> <p>Groupings of Tens Ones, Tens, Hundreds, Thousands, Millions, Billions, Trillions!</p> <p>Note: We repeat the first line for each new thousand: Ten thousand, hundred thousand, million. A million is a thousand thousands. Ten million, hundred million, billion. A billion is a thousand millions. Ten billion, hundred billion, trillion. A trillion is a thousand billions.</p> <p>Decimal System The digits tell how many we have of each grouping. A digit is each zero-to-nine number in the row. The number is the addition of the groupings. Example: 723 = 7 hundreds + 2 tens + 3 ones</p>	<p><i>What is the smallest unit that is alive?</i> <i>What is the chain in organizational biology?</i> <i>What defines that something is alive biologically?</i></p> <p>Botany – the study of plants Zoology – the study of animals Anatomy – the study of structure Physiology – the study of function Bonus: Cytology – the study of cells Histology – the study of tissues</p> <p>The four subjects actually make a nice table:</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Botany</th> <th>Zoology</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <th>Anatomy</th> <td>Structure of Plants/Parts</td> <td>Structure of Animals/Parts</td> </tr> <tr> <th>Physiology</th> <td>Function of Plants/Parts</td> <td>Function of Animals/Parts</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For each one, structure corresponds to function— how amazing is the wisdom of God’s design!</p>		Botany	Zoology	Anatomy	Structure of Plants/Parts	Structure of Animals/Parts	Physiology	Function of Plants/Parts	Function of Animals/Parts
	Botany	Zoology								
Anatomy	Structure of Plants/Parts	Structure of Animals/Parts								
Physiology	Function of Plants/Parts	Function of Animals/Parts								
Geography and Chronology	History									
<p>The class chants the first poem together. <i>Sing the Revelation Seven Song with lots of gusto!</i></p> <p>Mediterranean and Mesopotamia <i>The sea in the middle of the land,</i> <i>The land in the middle of the rivers,</i> <i>And Israel in the middle of the middles.</i> Review the meanings, the rivers, and the empires.</p> <p>Ten <i>Ten plagues in Egypt,</i> <i>Ten commandments at Sinai,</i> <i>Ten unbelieving spies at Kadesh,</i> <i>And ten times of testing God in the Wilderness.</i></p> <p>Twelve Twelve hours before sunrise, Twelve hours after sunrise— For twelve months in a year. Twelve tribes before “Son-rise”, Twelve apostles after “Son-rise”— But when will Christ appear?</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block; margin-top: 10px;">BC / AD</div> </div> <p>Note: Although day and night have exactly 12 hours only two times a year (at Spring and Fall equinox), we often speak of twelve hours (cf. “the eleventh hour”). The play on words between “sunrise” and “Son-rise” is based on a prophet (Isa. 9:2) and a gospel (Lk. 1:78).</p>	<p>The Bible history timeline can be chanted or sung. This is just the continuation of a multi-verse poem.</p> <p>Review the first verse together: “Adam and Eve...”</p> <p>The answer to the question is not intended for memory. Students must memorize this second verse of the poem.</p> <p>Moses is called “the man of God” (Dt. 33:1). <i>What made him such a special man to God?</i></p> <p>At birth, he was set in the Nile River within an “ark.” The only other occurrence of this word is in the Flood. <i>This baby is a new Noah?</i> Although drawn from the water, his name means: “He who draws out”—<i>a prophesy of his future role.</i> God gave epic meaning to this boy’s beginnings!</p> <p>Moses’ life consists of three eras of forty years: Egyptian prince, Midian shepherd, Hebrew savior.</p> <p>By interceding for rebellious Israel, his identity shifted: from mouthpiece to mediator (cf. Ex. 24:8; 34:27).</p> <p>Ultimately, however, even Moses rebelled and failed to enter the Land—but Joshua (Gr. <i>Jesus</i>) succeeded.</p>									



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