## **Proclaim the Lord's Death Until He Comes**

1 Corinthians 11:23-33; Coast Community Church; Jackson Tran; 01-12-2020

- Remembering the Past
  - o Remembering the Exodus/Passover
    - The Last Supper was a Passover meal
    - The Exodus
      - The Exodus is in the background of 1 Corinthians
        - o Paul purposefully builds upon the theme of the Exodus/Passover and Jesus' fulfillment
  - o Jesus is the New Passover Lamb through reinterpreting the bread as His body
  - o Identity as the New Covenant People Paul reiterates to the Corinthians their identity
  - o Family-only Meal
    - Celebration of the Passover was an important family event
    - It is significant that in a *family-focused* time of the Passover that Jesus ushers in the Last Supper
    - Jesus calls His disciples *from* their own families and identifies them with *His* own family (John 1:12-13; Matthew 12:50; 1 Corinthians 10:16-17)
  - Unity, Servanthood, Sacrifice and Love
    - This is a major theme emphasized during the Last Supper in both Luke 22:4, as well as John 13:1-15
- Looking Forward to the Future
  - o Partaking of the Lord's Supper is proclaiming Jesus' death until He returns in the future
  - o The Lord's Supper is a foretaste, an appetizer for the future banquet that is the Wedding Feast of the Lamb
  - o All four Gospel writers point to the eschaton in their account of the Lord's Supper
  - o Isaiah 25:6-9 paints a picture of the future banquet
  - o Jesus is the New Passover Lamb
    - Revelation 19 expands on the banquet and identifies Jesus as the "Lamb," a reference to the paschal sacrifice
  - o Identity as New Covenant Believers/Family-only Meal
    - The banquet is to be eaten with the communion of the saints
    - We will rejoice in community with the children of God (family-only)
  - o Unity, Servanthood, Sacrifice and Love
    - Jesus instituted the church so as to ensure that together, His body, would encourage one another in faith and good deeds so that it *can* be confident in looking forward to His return (Hebrews 10:19-20)
- Keeping in Mind the Present
  - o The Lord's Supper is situated in the present
  - o Paul states that *in doing* (the act of breaking bread and drinking the cup) we *are* proclaiming Jesus' death until he comes
    - The act itself is an announcement of the Gospel to the world
  - o Jesus is the New Passover Lamb
    - The Lord's Table is not *our* sacrifice to God, but rather a *sacrament* whereby God's grace is given to *us*
    - Jesus is the paschal lamb He is the sacrifice for sins and we receive the benefits in the now
  - o Identity as New Covenant Believers
    - It is in the present that the past springs forward and the future reaches backwards and we experience the greatness of Jesus' sacrifice on the Cross

- We are made New Covenant Believers because of Jesus and the Lord's Supper continues to announce and reinforce that
- o Unity, Servanthood, Sacrifice and Love
  - Jesus' entire ministry was about one another
  - Paul stressed to the church in Corinth that the Lord's Table was about eating the meal together
  - You do not get to eat on your own and think you are eating the Lord's Table (1 Cor. 11:20)
  - The sharing of the Lord's Table binds believers *together* as *one* in The One (1 Cor. 10:16-17)
  - "Do this in remembrance of me" is not a command to *an individual*, but a command to all of us
    - In some way, we are all remembering Jesus *together* in the Lord's Table
- o Family-only meal
  - In the Lord's Supper, the church (as a whole) affirms the gospel-believing covenant member as a gospel-believing covenant member
- Practical Applications
  - O Who Eats and Who Doesn't?
    - Those who are "unworthy" due to *disunity* and demonstrating a severe lack of sacrifice and love and are *unrepentant* of it (1 Cor. 11:22-34)
      - To examine means to look at oneself and come to the conclusion that one must repent and confess
    - Those who are living in severe/scandalous unrepentant and/or hidden sins (1 Cor. 10; 5:6-13)
      - This includes sexual immorality, greed, swindling others, idolatry, reviling others, and drunkenness (5:1-2, 9-11)
    - The Lord's Table is for *repentant* sinners who are making known their failures and actively turning away from sins and seeking righteousness
  - The Church is to *Remove* the "Wicked" from the Lord's Table (*Family-only Meal*)
    - As a family-only meal, we are *affirming* each other's family-identity when we partake of the Lord's Table together
      - The church affirms the right confession (the gospel) and the right confessor (a person who shows repentance and faith) *through* baptism and the Lord's Supper
    - That is, one way in which you assess whether or not you are worthy of partaking the Lord's Supper is by being in a family who is continuously holding you accountable and affirming your confession and life
  - Why partake in *weekly* communion?
    - Be able to repent, confess, and come back to partake and be affirmed in your faith by the Body
      - To not participate in the Lord's Supper should be a scary place for Christians to be
        - o It tells you that *you may not be a New Covenant Believer*, that you may *not be part of the family*, and that Jesus *may not be your Passover sacrifice*
        - o It is a huge warning to repent and believe
    - Enjoy God's grace; proclaim the Gospel; celebrate Jesus
    - Be encouraged by the witness of other believers who are still trusting in Jesus
    - Biblical precedence (1 Cor 11:17-34; 1 Cor. 16:2; Acts 20:7)