Radical Love

Luke 6:27 East Berlin Community Church Pastor Keith A. Mosebrook February 4, 2018

Introduction

- Missionary outreach to Auca Indians
- The world's view of Love: Conditional, Selective, Selfish
- Hardship, suffering brings eternal rewards—2 Corinthians 4
- Attitude of JOY in the midst of suffering.

Radical Love!—Attitude toward our Persecutors

A. DEFINED—What is "Radical Love"?

- 1. Not approving of their conduct
- 2. Having compassion for them; not seeking revenge—Rom. 12:17-20

B. DEFENDED—Defending Radical love

- 1. Not NEW or NOVEL but in line with the OT Law
 - a. Stated—Leviticus 19:18
 - b. Summarized by Jesus Matthew 22:37-40
- 2. But DIFFERENT or "out of line" with Prevailing View
 - a. "Love your neighbors and hate your enemies"—Matthew 5:43
 - b. Rationale:
 - 1) Very narrow definition of "neighbor" in Leviticus 19:18
 - Disregard for other Scripture that broaden definition—Leviticus 19:34
 - a) God does not have a "double standard"-- Exod. 12:49; Deut. 22:1-4; Exod. 23:4-5
 - b) Jesus' definition of "neighbor" in Luke 10—"Anyone who needs help."
 3) Added to Scripture based on logic—"hate your enemies"
 - Objections:
 - 1) What about the commands to wipe out Israel's enemies?
 - a) Command is "personal", not "national".
 - b) Role of Government: To promote the welfare of its people and to protect them from evil or punish crime.—Romans 13
 - c) God used Israel as an instrument of judgment
 - 2) What about the "imprecatory psalms"?—Psalm 69
 - a) Not personal vendettas
 - b) Proper attitude expressed in Psalm 35:12-14

C. DETAILED—Expansion of the concept of "Radical Love"

- 1. Expressions of Radical Love—6:27-28
- 2. Illustrations of Radical Love—6:29-30
- 3. Principle of Radical Love—6:31
- 4. Motivation for Radical Love—6:32-36