

# Mercy Baptist Church

## Sura ya 1: Ya Maandiko Matakatifu

1. \_\_\_\_\_ Maandiko matakatifu ndiyo pekee inayotosha, iliyo hakika na mwelekeo usiyo na kasoro wa elimu ya wokovu, Imani na utiifu, ingawa nuru ya maumbile, na kazi za uumbaji na uongozi zinaonyesha wema kwa sasa, hekima, na nguvu ya Mungu, ya kuwaacha watu wasio na sababu; lakini hazitoshelezi kutoa maarifa hayo ya Mungu mapenzi yake ambayo ni muhimu kwa wokovu. Kwa hivyo ilimpendeza Bwana nyakati nyingi na kwa njia mbali mbali ajifunue, na kutangaza mapenzi yake kwa kanisa lake; na baadaye kwa uhifadhi bora na uenezaji bora wa ukweli, na kwa kuanzishwa kwa uhakika zaidi na faraja ya kanisa dhidi ya uharibifu wa mwili, na uovu wa Shetani, na wa ulimwengu, kuuandika kabisa; ambayo hufanya Maandiko Matakatifu kuwa ya muhimu zaidi, zile njia za zamani za kufunua mapenzi ya Mungu kwa watu wake zimekoma sasa.

**(2 Timotheo 3: 15-17; Isaya 8:20; Luka 16:29, 31; Waefeso 2:20; Warumi 1: 19-21; Warumi 2: 14,15; Zaburi 19: 1-3; Waebrania 1: 1; Mithali 22: 19-21; Warumi 15: 4; (2 Petro 1: 19,20)**

2. \_\_\_\_\_ Chini ya jina la Maandiko Matakatifu, au Neno la Mungu lililoandikwa, sasa zimo katika vitabu vyote vya Kale na Agano Jipya, ambazo ni hizi:

YA AGANO LA KALE: Mwanzo, Kutoka, Mambo ya Walawi, Hesabu, Kumbukumbu la Torati, Yoshua, Waamuzi, Ruthu, I Samweli, II Samweli, I Wafalme, II Wafalme, I Nyakati, II Nyakati, Ezra, Nehemia, Esta, Ayubu, Zaburi, Mithali, Mhubiri, Wimbo wa Solomen, Isaya, Yeremia, Maombolezo, Ezekieli, Danieli, Hosea, Yoeli, Amosi, Obadia, Yona, Mika, Nahumu, Habakuki, Sefania, Hagai, Zekaria, Malaki

YA AGANO JIPYA: Mathayo, Marko, Luka, Yohana, Matendo ya Mitume, Waraka wa Paulo kwa Warumi, I Wakorintho, II Wakorintho, Wagalatia, Waefeso, Wafilipi, Wakolosai, I Wathesalonike, II Wathesalonike, mimi Timotheo, II Timotheo, Kwa Tito, kwa Filemoni, Barua kwa Waebrania, Barua ya Yakobo, Ya kwanza na ya pili Barua za Peter, Barua ya kwanza, ya pili, na ya tatu ya Yohana, Barua ya Yuda, Ufunuo Zote ambazo zimetolewa kwa msukumo wa Mungu, kuwa kanuni ya imani na uzima.

**(2 Timotheo 3:16)**

3. \_\_\_\_\_ Vitabu ambavyo kwa kawaida huitwa Apocrypha, sio ambavyo harina msukumo wa kimungu, sio sehemu ya kanuni au sheria ya Maandiko, na, kwa hivyo, hayana mamlaka kwa kanisa la Mungu, wala kuidhinishwa au kutumiwa kuliko maandishi mengine ya wanadamu.

**(Luka 24:27, 44; Warumi 3:2)**

4. \_\_\_\_\_ Mamlaka ya Maandiko Matakatifu, ambayo yanapaswa kuaminiwa, hayategemei ushuhuda wa mtu yeyote au kanisa, lakini kabisa juu ya Mungu (ambaye ni kweli yenyewe), mwanzilishi wake; kwa hivyo inapaswa kupokelewa kwa sababu ni Neno la Mungu.

**(2 Petro 1: 19-21; 2 Timotheo 3:16; 2 Wathesalonike 2:13; 1 Yohana 5:9)**

# 1689 London Baptist Confession of Faith

## Chapter 1: Of the Holy Scriptures

1. The Holy Scripture is the only sufficient, certain, and infallible<sup>1</sup> rule of all saving knowledge, faith, and obedience, although the <sup>2</sup>light of nature, and the works of creation and providence do so far manifest the goodness, wisdom, and power of God, as to leave men inexcusable; yet are they not sufficient to give that knowledge of God and his will which is necessary unto salvation.<sup>3</sup> Therefore it pleased the Lord at sundry times and in divers manners to reveal himself, and to declare that his will unto his church; and afterward for the better preserving and propagating of the truth, and for the more sure establishment and comfort of the church against the corruption of the flesh, and the malice of Satan, and of the world, to commit the same wholly unto<sup>4</sup> writing; which maketh the Holy Scriptures to be most necessary, those former ways of God's revealing his will unto his people being now ceased.

**2 Timothy 3:15-17; Isaiah 8:20; Luke 16:29, 31; Ephesians 2:20; 2Romans 1:19-21; Romans 2:14,15; Psalms 19:1-3; 3Hebrews 1:1; 4Proverbs 22:19-21; Romans 15:4; 2 Peter 1:19,20**

2. Under the name of Holy Scripture, or the Word of God written, are now contained all the books of the Old and New Testaments, which are these,

Of the Old Testament.

Genesis, Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers, Deuteronomy, Joshua, Judges, Ruth, I Samuel, II Samuel, I Kings, II Kings, I Chronicles, II Chronicles, Ezra, Nehemiah, Esther, Job, Psalms, Proverbs, Ecclesiastes, The Song of Solomen, Isaiah, Jeremiah, Lamentations, Ezekiel, Daniel, Hosea, Joel, Amos, Obadiah, Jonah, Micah, Nahum, Habakkuk, Zephaniah, Haggai, Zechariah, Malachi

Of the New Testament.

Matthew, Mark, Luke, John, The Acts of the Apostles, Paul's Epistle to the Romans, I Corinthians, II Corinthians, Galatians, Ephesians, Philippians, Colossians, I Thessalonians, II Thessalonians, I Timothy, II Timothy, To Titus, To Philemon, The Epistle to the Hebrews, Epistle of James, The first and second Epistles of Peter, The first, second, and third Epistles of John, The Epistle of Jude, The Revelation. All of which are given by the<sup>5</sup> inspiration of God, to be the rule of faith and life.

**2 Timothy 3:16**

3. The books commonly called Apocrypha, not being of<sup>6</sup> divine inspiration, are no part of the canon (or rule) of the Scripture, and, therefore, are of no authority to the church of God, nor to be any otherwise approved or made use of than other human writings.

**Luke 24:27, 44; Romans 3:2**

4. The authority of the Holy Scripture, for which it ought to be believed, dependeth not upon the testimony of any man or church, but wholly upon<sup>7</sup> God who is truth itself, the author thereof; therefore it is to be received because it is the Word of God.

**2 Peter 1:19-21; 2 Timothy 3:16; 2 Thessalonians 2:13; 1 John 5:9**

