Matthew 6:5-15

I. The Lord's Prayer and the Lord's Resurrection

II. Hallowing the Name of God

- A. "Hallowed by thy name" (see Matthew 23:17, 19; 1 Timothy 4:5; 1 Corinthians 1:2; 6:11; 7:14; John 10:36; 17:17, 19)
- B. In the cross of Jesus Christ the absolute justice of God can be seen. (see Romans 3:4 quoting Psalm 51:4; see also Psalm 18:30; Proverbs 30:5; Revelation 15:3; 16:7)

III. God Hallows His Name

- A. God guards his holy name (see Leviticus 20:3; 22:2; 1 Kings 9:3, 7; 2 Chronicles 2:4; 7:16, 20)
- B. God sanctifies his name by saving sinful people (Isaiah 29:22-24; Ezekiel 36:22-32)

IV. God's Verdict

- A. The cross exposes the ugliness of our sin and the possibility of forgiveness (see Hebrews 10:22)
- B. What it means to be righteous (see John 15:13)
- C. The empty tomb reveals God's judgment (see Matthew 27:21; Mark 15:11, 13-14; Luke 23:18, 21; John 18:40; 19:6; also Matthew 27:24; Mark 14:66-72)
- D. The Son declared innocent (Mark 15:39 with Luke 23:47 and Romans 1:1-4)
- E. Lighting the lamp

V. Silence

- A. What makes people become quiet?
- B. The cross and resurrection of Jesus cause silence
- C. The call of the prophets (Habakkuk 2:20; Zechariah 2:13)
- D. Judgment and there is salvation (Isaiah 52:14-15)
- E. When Jesus rose, sin could no longer be swept under the rug
- F. Passover (Exodus 12:13)