- I. Introduction and Review The Lord's (High Priestly) Prayer. John 17:1-19
  - A. There are similarities between the prayer Jesus taught His disciples (the Lord's Prayer) and Jesus' High Priestly Prayer. Luke 11:1-4 Mt. 6:9-13
    - 1. Both address God as Father.
    - 2. Both pray for God's name to be hallowed/glorified.
    - 3. Both pray for His will be to be done in the coming of His kingdom.
    - 4. Both pray that the disciples will be preserved from temptation/the evil one.
  - B. First Jesus prays for Himself. v. 1-5
    - His supreme concern is that the Father be glorified as the Son completes His work.
      v. 1,4-5,10 12:27-28 13:31-32 14:13 15:8 Luke 22:42
    - He prays particularly that the Father will be glorified in the salvation of His people.
      v. 2-3 3:35 5:27 13:3 6:37 10:14 1:10 5:21,27 14:6-9 Jer. 31:34
    - 3. He prays that upon the completion of His work He will restored to His original glory in the presence of the Father. v. 4-5 17:24 1:11,14 10:30 16:28 8:58 Phil. 2:6-11
    - 4. Jesus' prayer has been fully answered. Isa. 53:11 Rev. 1:13-16 5:9-14
  - C. Jesus prays for His disciples.  $\underline{v. 6-19}$ 
    - 1. They belong to the Father Who gave them to the Son. v. 6a, 15:19
    - 2. They have received Jesus' message. v. 6-8
    - 3. Jesus intercedes for His disciples in particular. v. 9 Ex. 28:12 .
    - 4. He is glorified in them. 1 Pe. 2:9-10
    - 5. He prays for their protection. v. 11-16 10:28-29 15:11 16:24 Mt. 6:13 Ps. 20:1
    - 6. Jesus prays that they would be sanctified in the truth of God's Word. v. 17-19 10:36 20:21 1 Pet. 1:15-16 Heb. 9:11ff Gal. 1:15
  - D. Finally, Jesus prays for those of us who will believe through the testimony of the disciples that we would be united. v. 20-26
- II. Jesus prays that we might be united. v. 20-26
  - A. Jesus looks to the future with certainty. v. 20
    - 1. He will glorify the Father in His death by which He will secure eternal life for all that the Father has given Him.
    - 2. He will be raised from the dead.
    - 3. The eleven disciples will be kept by the Father, even after scattering, and they will go into the world with the message of the gospel. 10:16 Acts 1:8 2:1ff
    - 4. The church will be established upon their foundation and it will continue through the ages of human history. Mt. 16:18 Eph. 2:20
  - B. Jesus intercedes for those who will believe in future generations. v. 20
    - 1. He prays particularly for His sheep whom the Father has given to Him. v. 20,9 6:37,44 10:26-28,11 Acts 18:10 13:48
    - 2. The means by which His sheep are gathered is His Word as it is proclaimed by His messengers. 10:27-28 1 Pe. 1:23 Js. 1:18 Eph. 2:17 Ro. 10:14 Heb. 2:3-4
    - 3. He does not pray for the unity of all humanity, but only of all believers. v. 16
    - 4. Jesus prays that our unity will resemble His oneness with the Father. v. 21

- C. Jesus is not calling us to unity at any cost. v. 25-26 <u>17: 8,14,17</u> Eph. 4:4-6 Gal. 1:8f
- D. Jesus is not promoting institutional unity of a man made ecclesiastical structure.
  - There is one universal invisible church which consists of all believers everywhere. 10:16 Eph. 5:25 Mt. 16:18
  - 2. After the apostles passed off of the scene, there is no biblically established office, authority or structure above that of the local church. Eph. 2:20
  - 3. Ecclesiastical hierarchies destroy, rather than promote church unity.
  - 4. Universal ecclesiastical unity will not be achieved until Jesus returns. v. 24
- E. Our unity is to be like the loving union of the Father and the Son. v. 21-23, 25-26 10:30

## III. How should our unity be expressed?

- A. Love the brethren.
  - 1. Commit yourself to a local church. Acts 2:47 Heb. 13:17 10:24-25
  - 2. Love one another with the love which you have received from Christ. v. 26 15:12 Eph. 4:2-3 | Pet. 4:10-11 | Co. 12:7f
- B. Unity can also be expressed through fellowship among local churches.
- C. Don't unnecessarily separate yourself from those who are united with Christ. Ro. 15:7
- D. Our unity will result in evangelistic outreach. v. 21-23
  - 1. Our loving unity testifies to outsiders that we are God's beloved people. v. 21 13:34-35 15:12
  - 2. We must also bring the Word into the world. v. 20
- E. Keys to unity. Eph. 4:1-6
  - 1. Unity is founded upon truth but undermined by error. Eph. 4:1,4-6
  - 2. Unity is promoted by humility but destroyed by pride. Eph. 4:2
  - 3. Unity is preserved with effort but weakened by laziness. Eph. 4:3
- IV. The ultimate aim of our unity is God's glory. v. 22-24
  - A. As we are united in Him, we display His glory. v. 22
  - B. Our supreme hope is to be glorified in His presence. 14:3 | Jn. 3:2 Ro. 8:17 | Co. 13:12 | Th. 4:17 Phil. 1:21,23 Col. 3:4 Ps. 17:15 16:11 |Jn. 3:2
- V. Concluding Applications.

## Discussion questions

- 1. Why might Jesus' prayer in John 17 appropriately be called "The Lord's Prayer"?
- 2. How does this prayer resemble what most people call "The Lord's Prayer"?
- 3. What does Jesus pray for himself? John 17:1-5
- 4. Why does Jesus pray for His disciples? 17:6-10
- 5. What does Jesus pray for His disciples? 17:11-19
- 6. Upon what future events is Jesus' looking with certainty as He prays?
- 7. How do some people misunderstand Jesus' prayer for unity?
- 8. What is the nature of the unity for which Jesus prays?
- 9. How can we express the unity for which Jesus prays?
- 10. What is the relationship between our unity and our evangelistic efforts?
- 11. What is the ultimate aim of our unity?