

JOB
Bildad's First Discourse
Job 8:1-22

Mac Williams, Pastor
March 25, 2012

1. **Bildad makes legitimate points about the justice of _____ and the problem of hypocrisy, but his application to Job is not accurate.**

"Like Eliphaz, Bildad defends the justice of God, who could not bring disaster on an innocent man. ... He is _____ at the suggestion that God would so abuse a man of integrity." - David Jackson

2. _____ **is a necessary and encouraging part of God's nature.**

"(Justice is) the virtue which consists in giving to everyone what is his _____; practical conformity to the laws and to principles of rectitude in the dealings of men with each other." Noah Webster, 1828 Dictionary

"The justice of God is a part of the _____ of His nature." - Stephen Charnock

- a. God does promise _____ to those who are faithful to Him.

"Clearly, the blessing of which the covenant spoke were of a _____ dimension than wealth and health. Indeed, the godly may enjoy the highest reaches of covenant blessings--union and communion with God--whilst at the same time knowing wracking pain and discomfort in the 'outer man'."
- Derek Thomas

- b. Believers appeal to God's justice in faith that He will not _____ them.

- It is only by _____ satisfaction of God's justice on the cross that anyone can stand righteous before God.

"Every threat contained in the covenant, the wrath which every violation deserves, is met by Christ. Jesus was made a _____ for us. He endured the anathema of the covenant. The covenant threat (that those who sin will die) was extinguished in Him." - Derek Thomas

3. **The end result for those who profess _____ in the Lord but in reality are not true believers is destruction.**

- a. The life of the hypocrite may look promising for a time but there is no _____ in their faith.

- b. When trials and temptations come, the hypocrite will not be able to _____ through them.

- c. Even though the hypocrite may seem secure, he will not be able to stand before God as righteous but will be _____.