THE SALVATION AND ADDITION OF GENTILES TO THE CHURCH, Pt. 2 (Acts 11:1-30)

- Acts 10:39-48
- I. THE CHURCH'S WITNESS FOR CHRIST IN JERUSALEM (1–7)
- II. THE CHURCH'S WITNESS FOR CHRIST IN JUDEA, SAMARIA, & SYRIA (8–12)
 - A. The WITNESS of PHILIP to the SAMARITANS & ETHIOPIAN EUNUCH (8:1-40)
 - B. The CONVERSION & EARLY MINISTRY of PAUL (9:1-31)

1. Jewish Believers Accept Gentile Believers (11:1-18)

- C. The MIRACULOUS HEALING MINISTRY of PETER (9:32-43)
- D. The WITNESS of PETER & the CHURCH OF ANTIOCH (10:1–12:25)

a. The initial reactio	on to Peter's witness to the Gentiles by those of the	
was to	with him (vy 1-3)	

- *Did the Old Testament teach Gentile salvation?* (Isa. 42:1; 45:22; 49:6; 62:2; Jer. 16:19)
- In Old Testament times were Gentile believers saved as Gentiles, without having to become circumcised converts to Judaism? (Exod. 18:8-12; Job 1:1, 8; Jon. 3:5)
- Why was circumcision so important in the thinking of these Jewish believers in the Jerusalem church? (Gen. 17:9-14; Exod. 4:24-26; Lev. 12:3 [Phil. 3:5]; Josh. 5:2-9; 1 Sam. 17:36)
- What was the main reason for the spiritual myopia of these Jewish believers and their misunderstanding of the Great Commission? (Matt. 16:18; 23:15a; 28:19; Mark 16:15; Luke 24:47; Acts 11:19; 15:1, 5; Rom. 6:14; Gal. 3:26-28)
- b. In response, Peter reviews the salvation of the Gentiles and their addition to the church by showing how ______ directed the entire course of events. (vv. 4-17)
 - What did the Holy Spirit do to Cornelius and the Gentiles who believed? (Acts 10:44-45, 47; 11:15-17; 1 Cor. 12:12-13)
 - What was the sole condition for their salvation? (Acts 10:43-44; 11:1, 17)

c. The result of the Jewis contending with Peter		_	_	at tney
• What does this ver 34; 20:21; 26:18, 2		relationship between	n faith and repenta	ence? (Acts 17:30,
2. Jewish Believers Evang	elize & Encourage	e the Gentiles (11:1	9-26)	
a. For the first	tes to Judaism, but	t now they	the	Hellenists in
Lord. (vv. 19-21)	tillo Tobalt Was tila			. und turned to the
• Who were these be	elievers from Cypri	us and Cyrene (v. 20)? How does this a	pply to you?
• What do we know	about the city of A	ntioch in Syria?		
Who were the Held	lenists (v. 20)? (cf.	Acts 6:1, 9; 9:29)		
• What is significan	t about "the hand o	of the Lord" being "	with them" (v. 21)	?
b. The church in Jerusale (Acts 4:36), to Antioc the Lord. (vv. 22-24) • Who is the "Lord"		, aka "the them passage? (Acts 11:16		
important?	inrougnout inis p	oussuge: (Acts 11.10	5, 17, 20, 21 [2A], 2	23, 24) Why is this
c. Barnabas also				
the church at Antioch, Peter 4:16). (vv. 25-26		es were first called _		_ (Acts 26:28; 1
3. Jewish Believers Are Su	ipported by Genti	lle Believers (11:27-	30)	
a. Before the completion predicted a great family	of the New Testar ne throughout the	ment, there were world, which occurre	ed inin t	the church who . (vv. 27-28)
b. The Christians in Antimaterially with them.	-			by sharing
• What can we learn	n from all this as a	church?		