PSALM 14: THE CREED AND CONFUSION OF ATHEISM

The Hebrew word here for *fool* is 'nabal' (I Samuel 25:25). Moses uses this word to describe the people of God who do not appreciate the Lord's benefits (Deuteronomy 32:6).

A. THE PRINCIPLE OF ATHEISM: Vs. 1

"God is not" is the creed of the atheist. This is not so much that God does not exist as it is saying "no God for me." The devils believe, but will not acknowledge Him. See Luke 19:14.

B. THE PRACTICE OF ATHEISM: V.'S 2-4

a. Corrupt, (Verses 1-2)

Notice the universality of total depravity in the words of verse 1; *Heart, corrupt, works, none.* See Romans 1:21-22.

b. Contemptible (Verse 3)

"Filthy" morally corrupt, despicable and vile. Thomas Watson said; "Call wicked men ever so bad, you can't call them by their name." (Matthew 7:6; 3:7; John 6:70)

c. Conceited, (Verse 4)

There is no greater activity for dependent man, than the activity of prayer. The arrogance of the atheist refuses to "call upon the LORD."

C. THE PROBLEM OF ATHEISM: V.'S 5-6

a. An Inherent Inconsistency

The word 'fool' does not speak of one with a sincere conviction, but one who is in defiance (Ecclesiastes 3:11;), hence there is that fear in his heart (verse 5). The atheist, no matter what his tongue says, knows in his heart that there is a God, but he is defiant. His heart is a "house divided against itself" (Matthew 12:25).

b. An Infuriating Inability

The godly man finds a refuge in the Lord that the atheist cannot penetrate, try as he may. The Church is an impregnable rock (Matthew 16:18)! For thousands of years biblical Christianity has remained unchanged and secular humanists are a frustrated people.

D. THE PRAYER FOR ATHEISM: Vs. 7

What could convince the atheist, and overthrow sin but the coming of the "salvation of Israel." Christ is the only answer for Atheism.