Studies in Biblical Eschatology New Testament Fulfillment October 22, 2000 (Message #2)

- I. Introduction
- II. New Testament Fulfillment: The Redeemer has Come (instead of thematically, following the first message, canonical chronology)
 - A. The Redeemer Has Come: the connection between the Old and the New Gal. 4:4
 - B. The Gospel of Matthew (Gospel of Fulfillment)
 - 1. The genealogy of Matthew points to a completion of redemptive- history and fulfillment of ages. Seed of David, seed of Abraham, seed of the woman, Messiah Matt. 1:1, 17, 18
 - 2. The virgin-born Immanuel, Matt. 1:21-23
 - 3. The visit of the Magi (2:1-12)
 - 4. The flight from Egypt (2:13-23)
 - 5. The appearance of John the Baptist (3:1-13)
 - 6. The baptism of Jesus (3:13-17)
 - 7. The probation in wilderness (4:1-11)
 - 8. The beginning of Jesus' ministry (4:12-25)
 - C. The Gospel of Luke: A Brief Overview
 - 1. John the Baptist (1:17)
 - 2. Seed of the woman, God's Son, David's Son, and King (1:31-35)
 - 3. Fulfillment of covenant promise (1:54-55)
 - 4. Covenant mercy and salvation (1:68-79)
 - 5. Fulfillment of Davidic Covenant (2:10-11)

- $6. \qquad \text{Simeon's insight (2:25-32)}$
- 7. Anna's insight (2:38)
- 8. Jesus' own words (4:16-21)
- 9. The New Covenant is inaugurated (22:17-20)
- 10. The nations are brought to salvation (24:45-47; cf. Matt. 28:19-20; Acts 2)
- 11. The Spirit would be poured out (Lk. 24 49; Acts 1:4-8)

D. The Gospel of John: The Word Becomes Flesh

- 1. God in covenant promise dwells with His people (1:1, 14, 51; 2:19-21)
- 2. God provides the Lamb (1:29)
- 3. God provides the Spirit (3;8, 34; 7:37-39)
- 4. God saves Gentiles (1:10-13, 29 [1 Jn. 2:1-2); 3:16-17)
- III. Summary and Conclusion
 - A. Our Bible forms one organic unity.
 - B. The Glories of the Fulfillment
 - C. Our Calling: to Rejoice and Proclaim