THE PASSION OF CHRIST: THE KING IS COMING

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Intro: One of the well-known incidents in the life of Jesus has come to be known as Palm Sunday, yet is widely misunderstood. Why?

-By many Jesus' entry is regarded as a last attempt by Jesus to gain a following. But Jesus abandons his plan and goes to Calvary instead.

-The King comes. The King is received and rejected. Where is the Gospel of joy and peace?

I. THE PROPHECY OF HIS COMING.

- A. The call to great joy in his coming.
 - 1. "Rejoice greatly...shout": this is not mere repetition but inward joy that comes to expression.
 - 2. The Lord causes the hearts of his people to overflow with heavenly gladness.
 - 3. "Daughters of Zion...Jerusalem": the two expressions are synonymous. Denoted is the church at that day:
 - 4. From a human standpoint, Zion's plight is hopeless. The Lord comes to rescue. He brings Zion's King! Our helplessness!
- B. The character of Zion's King: "he is just". Just rulers had brought blessings to Israel, unjust rulers brought a curse!
 - 1. Zion's king will be just in his rule. He judges not after the sight of his eyes, but in righteousness cares for the poor (Isa.9:13)
 - 2. He judges rightly because he is just and righteous in himself.
 - 3. In the law of God is his whole delight. He meditates on it day and night. He is without one moral flaw.
 - 4. Even the most just of Israel's kings (David and Hezekiah) were but weak and sinful men bringing grief to Jerusalem.
- C. The character of Zion's King: "having salvation".
 - 1. The king is saved of God: even when the burden of wrath lay on him, God strengthened him and raised him to life & glory.
 - 2. The king saves himself. "I lay down my life, that I might take it up again (John 10:17)."
 - 3. He is the Savior, having salvation for Zion. O how mighty he is to save her out of her helplessness.
- D. Zion's king is "lowly".
 - 1. The idea of the word is to be afflicted, and therefore to be bowed down.
 - 2. He is afflicted by men for their works are evil and his works are righteous.
 - 3. He is afflicted by God (Isa. 53) as he stands as our substitute, obedient unto death, even the death of the cross.
 - 4 He endures this affliction because he loves his Father, seeks his kingdom, knowing that he will satisfy God's righteousness.
- E. Zion's King is meek: "riding upon an ass and upon a colt, the foal of an ass".
 - 1. This characteristic is hardly to be expected of kings. Alexander and those like him come with pageantry and pride.
 - 2. Some trust in chariots and some in their horses, for their kingdoms are of this earth.
 - 3. Zion's king comes riding on a donkey. He came not to be served but to serve, to give his life as a ransom (Mark 10: 45).
 - 4. His kingdom is heavenly and spiritual, established by pou8ring out his soul in death.
 - 5. Therefore he has no need for chariots and horses, for they are a vain thing to trust in (Ps. 33:17, 76:6

II. THE PROPHECY FULFILLED.

- A. Jesus rides into Jerusalem on the foal of a donkey.
 - 1. He does this to fulfill the Scriptures. We might think of Jesus as God not bound to anything, but he is the obedient son!
 - 2. Always he considered himself bound to the Scriptures, because he delights to do God's will
 - 3. He comes to Jerusalem as *the long awaited promised King*. He is just, having salvation, afflicted for them, meek.
 - 4. That kingdom promised has been established, realized by Jesus going to the cross to procure their salvation & deliverance
 - 5. Jesus comes to Jerusalem on this Sunday as *their Passover lamb*: the day when Israelites selected their lambs.
 - 6. Jesus comes to the temple in Jerusalem as the God-ordained and provided lamb that takes away the sins of the world.
- B. The rejoicing of the crowd.
 - 1. Notice that it is Jesus who creates the reaction of the crowd through his raising of Lazarus whom the crowds wish to see.
 - 2. Now Jesus creates excitement through his confiscation of the donkey. He claims the right of kings.
 - 3. The disciples and the crowd lay down their coats and wave their palm branches, quoting the Scriptures: "Hosanna..."
- C. The passion of the Savior.
 - 1. Palm Sunday is the first day of what has been called Passion week. How great was his passion.
 - 2. The disciples and the crowd quote the Scriptures, but remain ignorant of their fulfillment (John 12:16).
 - 3. The spontaneous enthusiasm of the crowd quickly goes to the opposite extreme and shout: "Away with this man..."

III. THE GOSPEL OF THE BLESSEDNESS OF HIS REIGN.

- A. The gospel was preached then to the crowd and still is preached today.
 - -a royal entry, not the kind of kingdom the Jews would give, but rather the kingdom he receives from his Father.
- B. Jesus came into Jerusalem to save and deliver his people from their sins as their King and lamb.
 - -On a lowly donkey, Jesus enters his kingdom to lay down his life for those who are his.
- C. Jesus will bring in his kingdom of joy and everlasting peace.
 - -Jesus by his death on the cross defeated all of the church's enemies: the world with Satan as prince, sin, death, and hell.