A.

В.

REMEMBER THE STEADFASTNESS and FUTURE REWARD You Can Possess Pt.2 (2 Peter 1:10-11)

Th	e E	MP	HASIS of PETER'S MINISTRY. (2 Peter 1:12-15)	
Th	e E	XPI	LANATION of Several KEY SCRIPTURAL TRUTHS to Remember.	
1.	. God wants you to remember the SAVIOR you've trusted. (1:1)			
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.	5. God wants you to remember the and and can possess. (1:10-11)			
	a. Two observations you need to make when considering			vo observations you need to make when considering these verses (1:10a):
		1)	The word "brethren" indicates that these verses are directed toward who a part of the	
		2)	The conjunction "therefore" indicates that verses 11 and 12 are a logical and of what was taught in the previous verses.	
	b. <i>The exhortation</i> you need to hear and heed for ongoing spiritual growth and fruitfull your Christian life.			
		1)	The <i>necessity</i> of this exhortation is underscored by the phrase "be even more" which means	
		2)	The <i>command</i> of this exhortation is for you to be even more when it comes to your spiritual growth and fruitfulness in your Christian walk.	
		3)	The <i>object</i> of this exhortation is "to make your call and election".	
			• What does "call" mean, and how does Peter use it? (1 Pet.1:15,2:9,3:9,5:10; 2 Pet.1:3, 10	
			• What does "election" mean, and how does Peter use it?	
			• What does "sure" mean, and how must this be clarified?	
			- View #1: Their needs to be ongoing fruitfulness and perseverance to have the	

security (Arminian) or assurance (Calvinist) of your salvation.

	1) That Peter calls them etc. while being uncertain			
	of their future firmness personally or doctrinally, though encouraging them to have			
	ongoing spiritual growth and fruitfulness. (2 Peter 1:1-9)			
	2) That the absolute assurance of eternal salvation is based upon the			
	and the unfailing, not the			
	believer's daily walk and works which are very imperfect. (John 3:16, 5:24, 10:28-30)			
	3) That the of eternal life is the believer's birthright			
	from the moment he believes in Christ alone. (1 John 5:9-13)			
	4) That there are who lack fruit, and may even be taken			
	home to Heaven prematurely due to maximum divine discipline. (1 Cor.3:1-4; 11:30-32)			
	View #2: This is an exhortation to diligence for ongoing spiritual growth and fruitfulness in order to for your call and election to be sure to others.			
	runtiumess in order to for your can and election to be sure to others.			
	Your call and election by God need <u>not</u> become sure or certain by your fruitfulness to:			
	1) – for He chose you and placed your name in the Lamb's book of life before the foundation of the world;			
	2) – as God wants you to have the absolute assurance of salvation by His			
	Word through faith in Christ alone from the moment of your salvation (1 John 5:11-13);			
	3) as a person's words may give others the assurance of your salvation,			
	though your godly works can also profit others. (Titus 2:11-14; Tit.3:4-8; Ephesians 2:8-10; Phil. 2:14-16; James 2:14- 26)			
	View #3: This is an exhortation to believers to be diligent in their ongoing spiritual growth in holiness to become			
	amidst persecution and false teachers. (Context and content of Peter's writings; 1 Pet.5:10; 2 Peter 3:17-18; Col.1:21-23)			
c. The	The results of heeding this exhortation for ongoing spiritual growth and fruitfulness.(1:10b-11)			
	1) In <i>time</i> , your diligent walk of faith and ongoing spiritual growth and fruitfulness will mean that "you will never"			
•	What can a believer never fall from and what can he fall into?			
	eternity, your diligent walk of faith and ongoing spiritual growth and fruitfulness now will			
r	esult so that "an will be supplied to you into the of our and Jesus Christ."			
_	or our and Jesus Christ.			
•	What is the key phrase to observe lest you become confused and miss the point?			
•	Where else is the truth of a future reward taught in the NT?			
•	Who does this passage (1:1-11) focus on from beginning to end?			

View #1 is debunked by the scriptural facts: