## A PORTRAIT OF PRIDE: KING SAUL

- A. The EXPLANATION of True HUMILITY vs. PRIDE.
- **B.** The EGOTISTICAL AREAS of PRIDE.
- C. The EXPRESSIONS of PRIDE.
- D. The EXAMPLES of PRIDE.
  - #1: KING SAUL (1 Samuel 8-15)
    - a. The ACCEPTANCE of SAUL as KING. (1 Samuel 8-12)
    - 1. He began his reign with \_\_\_\_\_. (9:21)
      - \* Is this important in God's eyes?
    - 2. He had the \_\_\_\_\_\_ come upon him. (10:6-13; 11:5-6)
      - \* Was this different in the Old Testament than it is today?
    - 3. He expressed genuine \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the Lord. (11:11-13; 12:1-5)
      - \* Why is this significant?
    - 4. He is given \_\_\_\_\_\_ by the Lord. (11)
      - \* What can you learn from this?

## b. The REJECTION of SAUL as KING. (1 Samuel 13-15)

- 1. Due to pride, he rejected \_\_\_\_\_\_ will for his own \_\_\_\_\_. (13:8-9)
  - \* What are some ways that you do this today?

2.	Due to pride, he	his sin, instead of	it. (13:10-12)
	* How can this be done?		
3.	Due to pride, he(13:13-14)	_ serious consequences for the	sin he had
	* Do you take sin seriously?		
	* What reality must you learn to accept?		
4.	Due to pride, he viewed total obedience to God's will as, instead of (15:1-9)		
	* How do you view obedience to God's will?		
5.	Due to pride, he becomes perspective. (15:10-23)	instead of perc	ceiving reality from
	* How did Saul justify his sin?		
	* How do you respond to God's correction in your life?		
	* How does God view self-righteousness, rebellion, and stubbornness?		
6.	Due to pride, he confessed his reasons. (15:24-30)	sin with m	notives, not for
	* What was still the bottom-line for	or Saul?	
	* What place does the flesh have in	n doing God's will?	

\* How does all this apply to you?