Instructions for the New You
Ephesians 4:25-32
Reading: 2 Thessalonians 2:1-12

...pray...

Last Sunday we saw that a Christian is *new* – you are a *new you*.

And that means a new life & big changes.

But the habits of the *old you* are often *stubborn*! I *am* new, but how do I *live* new?

Let's return to Ephesians 4:25-32

Paul begins to unfold his inspired instructions for how you & I live like new.

His list has a careful *structure*: *put off* the old, *put on* the new, followed by a word of *explanation/motivation*.

Five practical instructions for putting off the old you and putting on the new.

1. Put off falsehood. Put on truth. (25)

2. Put off sinful anger. Put on self-control. (26-27)

3. Put off stealing. Put on hard work. (28)

4. Put off unwholesome speech. Put on edifying speech. (29-30)

5. Put off interpersonal warfare. Put on reconciliation. (31-32)

Follow these instructions persistently, and you will begin to walk like the new you!

So Paul writes: "off w/ the old & on w/ the new," and "Step # 1" tackles the critical issue of truth.

- 1. And what *is* the apostle's "therefore" (25) there for...? Because in **vv.17-24** he just reminded us that we *used* to be *pagans*, but Christ *saved* us thru faith.
 - a. The result is that we are *new*! Not simply *rebuilt...replaced*!
 - b. And a *new you* must mean a *new walk*. You *lay aside* your *old lifestyle* and *put on* your *new life*.
 - c. Which is *exactly* what Jesus taught us from the start!
 - d. That's what we read, starting back in **v.22** that in reference to your former manner of life, you lay aside the old self & put on the new self.
- 2. And now Paul begins his instructions by telling you to *lay aside falsehood*.
 - a. This is a pretty basic idea: *falsehood* is simply the *polar opposite* of *truth*.
 - b. I think it's very significant that Paul starts by dealing w/falsehood & truth!
 - i. First, because the Christian faith places a premium on *exclusive*, *absolute*, *knowable*, *usable* **truth**.
 - ii. Jesus promised us that "you shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free."
 - iii. To which He later provocatively added, "I am the way, the truth, and the life, no one comes to the Father but by Me!"
 - c. I *also* believe that Paul starts w/ *falsehood* because he has just stressed (22) that the *old you* was *characterized* as being *corrupted in the lusts* of *deception* lies....
 - i. And the last chapter of the Bible (Rev 22) solemnly warns that no one who *loves* & *practices lying* will set a foot in *the Holy City*!

- 3. But you can't simply *lay aside* a bad *pattern*, you have to replace it with *good one*!
 - a. So the apostle continues w/ a quote from the **OT** prophet *Zechariah speak truth, each one of you, with his neighbor.*
 - b. "Speak truth" is a command in the present tense. → The new you's new lifestyle must include truth-speaking.
 - i. Where is the *first*, the *last*, the *best*, the *most reliable* place to *find truth* (**not** youtube! ©)?
 - ii. The *very word of God*. Psa 119:60– *the sum of Thy word is truth*, and if the *sum* is truth, then every *figure* in the column has to be *true*.
 - c. Pau's instruction is brief but packaged w/ a few essential directions:
 - i. Each one speaks the truth. No one gets a bye on integrity.
 - ii. With his neighbor. In this context he referring to other believers. We are supposed to be truthful w/ everyone, but Paul will consistently place your relationships to the people in the pews around you as your priority.
 - 1. In fact, we've already learned that one of the *fundamental ingredients* of our lives together in the church demands (v.15) that we *live* (*speak*) the truth in *love*.

- 4. Which is the *motivation* for Paul's first *lay aside/put on* instruction. We *speak truth to our neighbor* because church is more than a Sunday morning get together for nice people.
 - a. We are a *body*. In fact, we are the *Body of Christ* we are what the world sees of Jesus *week in & week out*.
 - b. And as each of us are *members* of the His body, we have to live together w/ integrity.
 - i. If we *lie* to one another, what happens around here? *Ruin!*
 - ii. Chrysostrom, an early church father, wrote of this vs: "If your eye sees a snake does it lie to your foot!?!"
 - iii. If it does, your *foot* & your *eye* are headed to the *ER together*!
- 5. To help you see that *truth-speaking* is also at the top of the list because we all struggle with it, let me remind you that *falsehood* comes in many *containers* & apparent *strengths*, but they are all *poisonous*:
 - a. *Cheating* in school, *exaggerating* your explanations, *misrepresenting* your taxes, *cooking* your books (even at a *low simmer*), *making* unreasonable promises, *betraying* a confidence, *flattery*, *making* excuses, *blame* shifting, ... *softening* your defense of God's Word.
 - b. There may be *circumstances* in which you don't have to say *all you know*, but *all you say* should be the *truth*.
 - c. And as we've said (15) *truth* is not an *excuse* to unload your *ill feelings*. *Truth* is not a *blunt instrument* for whacking your *neighbor*.

You are new, live in truth!

Then because you are *new*, put off sinful *anger* and put on *self-control*. (read vv.26-27)

- 1. If you read Paul carefully here, he changes up his pattern. He starts with the *put on*, the follows it with the *put off*.... But first, *let's talk about anger*.
 - a. There are a few Grk words we can translate *anger* the ref in **v.26** is to a *settled*, *intense emotion*.
 - b. Is anger always sinful...? It's tempting to say "yes."
 - i. After all, anger appears in Gal 5 as a deed of the flesh.
 - ii. And Proverbs warns us that the *anger of man won't accomplish* the righteousness of God.
 - c. But the Bible also frankly declares that God is *angry*.
 - i. The psalmist writes (Psa 7): God is a righteous judge, and a God who has **indignation** every day. If a man does not repent, He will sharpen His sword. He has bent His bow and made it ready.
 - ii. Now it's true that you & I are *not* God, but Scripture does teach that a Christian *loves* what *God loves* & *hates* what *God hates*!
 - d. What's the difference between sinful, fleshly anger& righteous anger?
 - i. Basically, *sinful anger* has the wrong *motivation*: *me*! You offended *me*! So it's *self-centered*...*selfish*.
 - ii. Righteous anger has right motives.
 - 1. It is *indignant* when God is *blasphemed*. It is *offended* when *injustice* strikes your *neighbor*.
 - 2. And it is *careful*... God describes Himself (Ex 34, 2Pt 3) as *slow to anger*....

- 2. So Paul writes (26) that if you are *angry*, *be angry* the right way for the right reasons.
 - a. Be angry for righteousness sake, not for your own sake.
- 3. So immediately he issues his *lay aside: do not sin*, i.e. do not *settle into sinful anger*.
 - a. Are you *angry* because someone *stepped on your toes*?
 - b. Maintaining the *balance* here is *difficult*, it requires *self-control*. Remind yourself that your Heavenly Father is *slow to anger* while *abounding* in *lovingkindness*.
- 4. Then our text gives a *how* and a *why* for controlling your anger:
 - a. *How* do you manage this? Paul instructs you to *not let the sun go down on your anger*.
 - i. Be *determined* to *resolve issues*. Including when your anger is *not sinful*. Take it to *God* & resolve it w/man.
 - ii. The longer you *refuse* to deal w/ something *bad* in the *back of the refrigerator*, the *worse it stinks*!
 - b. Then Paul offers a why (v.27) that ought to get our attention.
 - i. Would you *open* your *front door* to your *enemy*? Keeping the door *open on anger* too long (26) allows Satan to introduce his *schemes* and *deceive* you.
 - ii. Paul has written a lot about Satan in Ephesians: 2:2 prince of the power of the air; 4:14 (implied in) craftiness of deceitful scheming; 6:11 f the schemes of the devil (spiritual warfare).
 - iii. Paul says (27) that sinful unresolved anger gives the devil an opportunity.
 - iv. Satan wants to enslave the lost & harass the church, and accusation & deception & error are among his favorite weapons.

- v. Sinful anger among us *holds open the door* and *ushers the Devil* into the church to spread his *accusations & lies*.
 - 1. "You mad at her? You have **every right** to be! Did you see the way she **looked** at you?"
- 5. I read a powerful & practical application of this instruction this week: *The* day of anger should be the day of reconciliation. (2X)
 - a. Beloved, when something starts to *burn* in the kitchen, you don't wait until *tomorrow* to *put it out*...and then *you don't wait* to *open* the windows & *air* it out.

Live new - don't let the sun go down on your anger.

The new you must put off stealing and put on hard work (read v.28).

- 1. Lay aside *stealing*. More literally, Paul singles out "the stealer": The stealer must no longer steal.
 - a. His Gr root-word is $\kappa\lambda\epsilon\pi\tau\omega$ which is in the *Greek word family* from which we get...*kleptomaniac*.
 - b. Just as the God commanded *Thou shalt not lie* He also required that *Thou shalt not steal*.
 - c. Stealing is *dishonest*, stealing demonstrates a *lack of respect for people & property*, and as Paul is about to *clearly indicate*, stealing is just flat *lazy*...
- 2. So in place of *stealing*, put on **hard work**.
 - a. This is a graphic Gr verb: $\kappa o \pi \iota \alpha \omega hard work$, labor, copious toil; it suggests the idea of weariness.
 - b. And Paul keeps going: working with his **own** hands that which is good; his details are intentional:
 - i. *Hard work* is the **opposite** of *lazy larceny*.
 - ii. And you *steal* with your **hands** so now *work* with **hands**.
 - iii. ...with your own hands!
 - iv. The *tasks* your hands perform should be *good beneficial*.

- c. Working hard and your work ethic is an important principle in the NT:
 - i. Other verses on hard work include
 - 1. **1 Cor 4:12** Paul wrote of himself & his fellow apostles: we toil, working with our own hands.
 - 2. **1 Thess 4:11** make it your ambition to lead a quiet life and attend to your own business and work with your hands, just as we commanded you,
 - 3. Now follow me to 2 Thess 3:6-13 (read).
 - a. Paul warns against an *unruly* life, and guess what he *singles out...*?
 - b. Lazy busybodies! In fact, not working & being a busy body go hand in hand!
 - c. So we read his well-known but oft-neglected directive: if a man will not work, neither shall he eat.
- 3. A wise man once said hard work ain't easy! So why bother?
 - a. What Paul *implies* here (Eph) and *states plainly* elsewhere is that your *hard work* meets your *needs* honestly.
 - i. We just read in **2 Thess 3** you are to work in quiet fashion and eat your own bread.

- b. But *beyond the basics*, Paul addresses (28b) the ability to *share with the one who has need*.
 - i. In this context Paul is likely to be *particularly* concerned w/ the *needy* in the *church*.
 - ii. As I think about this instruction (difficult physical labor) I picture a man who works hard to earn enough to feed his family, then works a little longer to earn a little more for his needy brother.
- 4. Before we push on, I'd like to *pull Paul's words* into the **21**st century.
 - a. You may not think you are a *stealer*, but are you *stealing time* from your *boss*? If he pays you for **eight** hours, given him *every minute*!
 - b. In addition, I think Paul may also be addressing *laziness* here. In our **21**st century economy, *not* every job is *manual* but every job allows you to *work hard* if you have *initiative*.
 - c. A *sloppy work ethic* can become a *habit*. Bad habits are *easy to justify* and *hard to break*. Paul writes (28) *do this no longer*. Stop *now*.
 - d. One more *observation*... A great *work ethic* is a *great testimony! Work* hard! *Stand* out! Then when someone asks, "*Why?*" *share* the faith!

Because sharing your faith is also a part of being new! ...pause...

Has anyone every told you to put a sock in it!?! © Paul's version is to put off unwholesome speech and put on upbuilding speech (read vv.29-30).

- 1. He begins again w/ the *negative: Lay aside* your unwholesome words.
 - a. Paul lit. writes *no rotten word*. The word was used to describe (e.g.) *rancid fish!* The only thing worse than *fish breath* is a *rotten carp conversation!*
 - b. Beginning w/ the 3rd Commandment (Ex 20), the **OT/NT** are filled with cautions about your *tongue*.
 - i. We could build an *extremely long list* on this point, but let's simply repeat Jesus' maxim from Matt 12:34 "*The mouth speaks from that which fills the heart.*"
 - ii. Your *vocabulary & conversations*, much like your *wardrobe*, are a *billboard* for what's in your *heart!* ...pause...
 - c. Which means you *can't bypass* a very important detail in Paul's instructions: *no unwholesome word* ... & *only such word* ... & it's even "word" singular (not plural).
 - d. His *point* is that you are responsible for *every* word you say, *all* of the time....
 - i. Whether your *wife* is there are not.
 - ii. Whether your *kids* are listening or not (they always *are*)!
 - iii. Whether your pastor is listening or not.
 - iv. Whether you are at home or work or church or the gym.

- 2. Then the *positive* is to *speak in words that build up your neighbor*.
 - a. "Edification" is a construction site word, picturing a building project. Paul uses the word a lot because in **Eph** he has said a lot about the construction of the church. Here Paul stresses that your every word can help strengthen your **bro/sis**!
 - b. John MacArthur points out (29) there are **3** *characteristics* of *wholesome* speech: *edifying, appropriate, gracious*.
 - i. The right word is *good for edification*. Spec. *strengthening* your friends *spiritually*. Sometimes by *encouragement* & sometimes by *humble*, *careful correction*.
 - ii. We speak *according to the need of the moment*. Your words need to *fitting appropriate*.
 - 1. *Not* every conversation has to be a *sermon* but every word needs to be *fitting*.
 - 2. **Prov 15:23** how delightful is a timely word!
 - c. A fitting word gives grace to those who hear.
 - i. For that to *happen* your conversation needs to *seasoned* with God's truth & *powered* by His purposes.
 - ii. When that's *true*, God will use *your* words to *pour* grace into the *lives* of your friends! ... *How cool is that*!?!

- 3. Tongue control is a **7x24**, difficult assignment! (**7x24**? Some people talk in their sleep!) So why bother.
 - a. Paul unpacks **2** benefits and we just saw the first. Your edifying word to your friends strengthens them spiritually, i.e. gives grace.
 - b. The second benefit is in v.30 (read again).
 - i. Rancid speech grieves the Holy Spirit of God.
 - ii. Paul *underlines* the seriousness of this by using the Spirit's *full* & formal title: "The Holy Spirit of God."
 - iii. Don't be *guilty* of *grieving God's Spirit* by your *careless speech*! Paul also warns (1 Th 5) of *quenching the Spirit*.
 - 1. Perhaps some people have so little spiritual *power & influence* because they have so little *verbal self-control*.
 - iv. Paul is *not* implying that the Spirit *will* leave you. His work includes *sealing you* in Christ (1:13), *securing* your heavenly *inheritance* (1:14).
 - 1. But how *ungrateful* of us to *speak in ways* that *grieve Him* and possibly *quench the full glory of His power lived through us*!
- 4. My years in the *secular workplace* taught me that how you *speak*, like how hard you *work*, can build your *Christian testimony*!
 - a. If you speak like *everyone else*, nothing *sets you apart* and so your testimony is *weakened*, you opportunities for evangelism are *diminished*.
 - b. But in a society where *public discourse* gets *courser* every day, your *consistently wholesome words* can eventually *blow* open *the doors of opportunity* for a *gospel conversation*!

Every word counts!

Finally, God saved you so that you would *lay aside* your *malice* and *put on grace* (read vv.31-32).

- 1. Paul has a *list*. It's an *ugly* list! It's a list of all the *ingredients* of a fleshly church. He wants you to *search* every *cupboard* & *closet* & *corner* of the congregation, find every *poisonous ingredient*, and *throw them* **out**!
 - a. Put away all bitterness. You could say resentment.
 - i. It's evidenced in *irritability, sourness, self-righteous grudge-holding*.
 - ii. *Bitter* people are *lonely*, but *bitterness* is never *isolated*, which is why the writer of *Hebrews* observes that *bitterness defiles many*.
 - b. *Put away all wrath & anger*. This is an echo of v.26, with its focus on man's *sinful anger*. Now Paul uses **two** *terms*:
 - i. Wrath is explosive, anger is smoldering.
 - c. Put away all clamor. Clamor suggests shouting & loud outbursts. Like an escalating argument rude and headed for out of control...
 - d. *Put away all slander*. Paul's Grk term is related to the idea of *blasphemy*. *Insulting*, character damaging conversation.
 - e. *Put away all malice*. *Malice* is an all-encompassing word for *evil*. As if Paul didn't want you to accidently leave behind any *hateful attitude*.

- 2. In their place, put on this! \rightarrow kindness, compassion, & forgiveness...
 - a. *Kindness* is a *fruit of the Spirit* (Gal 5). If you don't *grieve* the Spirit, you'll grow in *kindness*.
 - b. *Compassion*. Paul writes **σπλαγχνον**. (I *love* that word!) Your Engl. translation says something like *tender hearted*, but **σπλαχνον** originally just meant *guts*! ©
 - c. Last but hardly least: put on forgiveness.
 - i. Life in the *flesh* means that we will fall back into *bitterness* & wrath & anger & clamor & slander & malice. Which means we still sin against *one another*. It's just *true*!
 - ii. So our new walk won't get us very far if we won't forgive...
 - iii. Forgiveness is one of the basic ingredients of strong relationships & a strong church. (2X) It is a fundamental Christian virtue. Jesus taught these things, from the beginning:
 - 1. "Forgive us our debts as we forgive our debtors."
 - 2. "How often should I forgive 7 times?" "Not but I say to you up to 70 X 7."
- 3. Paul concludes with a compelling reason to forgive. **Just as** ...just as God in Christ also has forgiven **you**.
 - a. The motive & model for forgiveness is that God has forgiven you in Christ.
 - *i*. The apostle could have simply written *just as God has forgiven* us.
 - ii. But Paul specifies that "God in Christ also has forgiven you" to remind you of why God forgives: Christ's died in your place:
 - 1. Now you are forgiven.
 - 2. Now you are new.
 - 3. And now you must forgive.

Beloved, Paul's carefully structured list is *not* hypothetical. He was certain that Christians in Ephesus were struggling with each of these *old*, *fleshly patterns*.

Could these things also happen in our lives, families & in this church? Yes!

Here is your Lord's remedy:

Put away *lying*.
Put away self-centered *anger*.
Put away *larceny* & *laziness*.
Control you *tongue*, every word, all the time.
Put away *acting ugly*.

But you know you aren't going to get this *perfect*, and neither am **!!** ②

So are you forgiven? Forgive your neighbor!

...pray...

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