Introduction: This longer section (5:1-10:32) includes the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th _toledoth_ markers (5:1; 6:9; 10:1). This particular lesson will address only the 2nd _toledoth_ which was a written record or book (5:1).

1) Prologue—5:1-3
   a) Review of chapters 1-2—5:1-2
      i) Emphasis on God's work—5:1-2 (created, blessed, named)
      ii) Emphasis on God's likeness—5:1b
        (1) The image of God was not destroyed, only distorted
      iii) Emphasis on two genders—5:2a
   b) Adam's age (130) at the birth of Seth—5:3 (cf. 4:25-26)
      i) Adam lived to be 930 (cf. 5:5)

2) Sons of Adam—5:4-32 (cf. 1st Chronicles 1:1-4; Luke 3:36-38)
   a) Uniquities of this list
      i) Each description (with notable exceptions) follows the same pattern
        (1) His name; his age at the birth of his first son; his remaining lifespan plus other children; his age at death
      ii) Note the reign of death, but with one exception (cf. 2:17; 3:4; Romans 5:14; 6:23)
      iii) Compared with the genealogy of Cain (cf. 4:16-24)
   b) Generations of this list
      i) Adam and his additional anonymous children—5:4-5
      ii) Seth—5:6-8
      iii) Enosh—5:9-11
      iv) Cainan/Kenan—5:12-14
      v) Mahalalel—5:15-17
      vi) Jared—5:18-20
      vii) Enoch—5:21-24 (cf. with Lamech, the 7th from Adam through Cain; 4:19-24)
        (1) His life of faith (cf. Hebrews 11:5) (cf. with Noah in 6:9)
        (2) His non-death (cf. 2nd Kings 2)
        (3) His prophesy (cf. Jude 1:14-15)
      viii) Methuselah—5:25-27 (perhaps means "when he dies, it will be sent")
        (1) Oldest recorded person in the Bible
      ix) Lamech—5:28-31
        (1) Only explanation in list for naming his son; play on word sounds for naming Noah
        (2) Adam died when Lamech was 56 years old; Seth died 14 years before Noah
      x) Noah—5:32
        (1) His sons are not listed in chronological order (i.e. Japheth, Shem, Ham)
        (2) Cf. 2nd Peter 2:5

3) Assuming a strict chronology in this list, the Flood probably took place 1,656 years after creation.