The Love of God in 3-D - Part 3

The Delightful, Difficult, and Decisive Doctrine of the Love of God Psalm 145; Coast Community Church Pastor's Class; Earl Miles; 8-20-17

Introduction to Psalm 145

- This Psalm is the last of David's 75 Psalms.
- Each verse is part of an acrostic based on the letters of the Hebrew alphabet.
- 'This poem is the first of six hymns that close the Psalter like a display of fireworks.' Reformation Study Bible
- 'Some in the Jewish tradition believed that if one would recite it three times a day, with heart and lips, they would experience spiritual happiness and enjoy blessings in the world to come.' Calvin
- 'One of the Bible's 'awe' passages.' Paul Tripp

1. God is worthy to be praised. (1-2)

¹ I will extol You, my God, O King, And I will bless Your name forever and ever.

² Every day I will bless You, And I will praise Your name forever and ever.

2. God is worthy to be praised because He is great. (3-6)

- ³ Great is the LORD, and highly to be praised, And His greatness is unsearchable.
- ⁴One generation shall praise Your works to another, And shall declare Your mighty acts.
- ⁵On the glorious splendor of Your majesty And on Your wonderful works, I will meditate.
- ⁶ Men shall speak of the power of Your awesome acts, And I will tell of **Your greatness**.

3. God is worthy to be praised because He is great in love. (7-8)

⁷ They shall eagerly utter the memory of **Your abundant goodness** And will shout joyfully of Your righteousness.

4. God is worthy to be praised because He is great in love to all His creation (under His never-ending reign). (9-17)

- ⁹ The LORD is **good to all**, And His mercies are **over all His works**.
- ¹⁰ **All Your works** shall give thanks to You, O LORD, And Your godly ones shall bless You.
- ¹¹ They shall speak of the glory of Your kingdom And talk of Your power;
- ¹² To make known to the sons of men Your mighty acts And the glory of the majesty of Your kingdom.
- ¹³ Your kingdom is an everlasting kingdom, And Your dominion *endures* throughout **all generations**.

⁸ The LORD is gracious and merciful; Slow to anger and **great in lovingkindness**.

5. God is worthy to be praised because He is great in love to all creation (under His neverending reign through merciful and gracious and faithful provision). ¹⁴ The LORD sustains all who fall And raises up all who are bowed down. ¹⁵ The eyes of all look to You, And You give them their food in due time. ¹⁶ You open Your hand And satisfy the desire of every living thing. ¹⁷ The LORD is righteous in all His ways And kind in all His deeds. 6. God is worthy to be praised because He is great in love to all creation (under His neverending reign through merciful and gracious and faithful provision) and, especially, to His people, but He will exercise justice to those who refuse His love. (18-21) ¹⁸ The LORD is near to all who call upon Him, To all who call upon Him in truth. ¹⁹ He will **fulfill the desire** of those who fear Him; He will also hear their cry and will save ²⁰ The LORD keeps all who love Him, But all the wicked He will destroy. ²¹ My mouth will speak the praise of the LORD, And all flesh will bless His holy name forever and ever. – Psalm 145:1-21 What are the implications of God's love for all creation? ☐ Godliness requires that I love all creation. (Ephesians 5:1-2) □ Obedience requires that I use creation for the good of others (subdue: dominion over resources) and the glory of God (keep: glory of God in the beauty of creation). (Genesis 1:28; Mark 12:30-31)

Memory Verse

Proverbs 12:10; Numbers 22:32-33; Genesis 2:19-20; Psalm 50:10-22; Psalm 104:21, 27-28;

☐ We don't have to fear destroying the earth ourselves. (Genesis 8:22; 9:11)

Deuteronomy 25:4; Genesis 2:15; Deuteronomy 20:19-20; Isaiah 14:7-8

Genesis 9:8-11; Exodus 23:10-12; Exodus 20:9-11; Matthew 6:26; Luke 12:6, 24;

□ Animals should not be treated cruelly. (Proverbs 12:10)
□ Our environment should be stewarded well. (Genesis 2:15)

⁸ The LORD is gracious and merciful; Slow to anger and **great in lovingkindness**. – Psalm 145:8