ARE YOU TRULY GROWING IN GRACE? Pt. 6

- A. The PRECEDENCE of Grace.
- B. The PATTERN of Grace.
- C. The PROVISION of Grace.
 - 1. The *source* of grace is GOD. (1 Peter 5:10)
 - 2. The *recipient* of grace is UNDESERVING MANKIND (Titus 2:11), not ANGELS. (1 Peter 1:10-12)
 - 3. The personification of grace is JESUS CHRIST. (John 1:14, 17)
 - 4. The ground for grace is the PROPITIATORY sacrifice of Christ. (Romans 3:25)
 - 5. The appropriation of grace is through FAITH alone in Christ ALONE. (Rom. 3:28)
 - 6. The believer in Christ...
 - a. has constant ACCESS to God's grace. (Romans 5:2)
 - b. is to GROW in grace. (2 Peter 3:18)
 - c. is to CONTINUE in grace. (Acts 13:43)
 - d. is to SERVE by grace. (1 Corinthians 15:10)
 - e. is to become ESTABLISHED with grace. (Hebrews 13:9)
 - f. is to not ABUSE the grace of God as a license to sin. (Romans 6:1)
 - g. is to be reminded that in every trial that God's grace is SUFFICIENT. (2 Cor. 12:9)
 - h. is to be warned that "God resists the PROUD, but gives grace to the HUMBLE. (Js. 4:6)
 - i. is to abound in GIVING by grace. (2 Corinthians 8:7-9)
 - j. is to not FALL from the truths of grace. (Galatians 5:4)
 - k. is to minister grace by your SPEECH. (Ephesians 4:29)
 - 1. is to SING with grace in his/her heart to the Lord. (Colossians 3:16)
 - m. is to be DISCIPLINED by God's grace. (Titus 2:11-13)
 - n. can FAIL the grace of God. (Hebrews 12:15)
 - o. is to MINISTER to others with their SPIRITUAL GIFTS by God's grace. (1 Pt. 4:10-11)

p. must beware of FALSE TEACHING "who turn the grace of our God into lasciviousness." $(\mbox{Jude 3-4})$

		SEPARATION
ζ.		seeking to strike a biblical balance regarding ministry and ecclesiastical separation, it is our derstanding that believers need to
	1)	and false teachers who would seek to infiltrate or influence our local assembly (Romans 16:17-18; Acts 20:28-32; 1 Timothy 6:20-21).
	2)	refuse to approve of, minister, or financially churches or ministries that reject or distort the truths of the Word of God (2 John 7-11).
	3)	seek to minister (by way of sound teaching and materials) the doctrinally confused or those in error who are open to grace teaching and where there is reason to believe that an individual or congregation may be helped by such a ministry to become more biblical in belief and practice, as long as we are not in our message or asked to our doctrinal position (Titus 3:10; 2 Timothy 2:22-26; Acts 19:8-10).
	4)	resist a prolonged personal ministry to individuals or groups if there is evidence that they intend to retain their spiritual state or their relations with organizations (2 Timothy 2:15-21).
	5)	seek to support, encourage and fellowship with other individuals, churches or ministries of like-precious faith around the, yet without entering into any official unity (3 John 5-8).
		q. needs to respond to the riches of God's grace by a willingness to to the Lord and be internally in order to do God's will. (Romans 12:1-2)
		r. is to others by grace. (Ephesians 4:32)