## **Lecture 6: Darwinian Evolution**

January 27, 2020

Evaluation of the Fact-Value Split in Francis Schaeffer, Escape from Reason:



Existential Leap of Faith

Irrational Anti-Philosophy

(Kierkegaard)

Theology-Philosophy
Distinction
(Thomas Aquinas)

Theology-Philosophy Separation (Enlightenment)

#### Introduction

Before reading Genesis, let us first consider the Origins Debate.

Otherwise, many of us will not give Genesis a fair hearing.

## **Significance of the Creation-Evolution Debate**

## **Definition of Evolution**

Species-to-New-Species Process – "descent with modification" (Darwin)

## **Kinds of Evolution**

Lamarckian Evolution – acquired characteristics are inherited by offspring

Darwinian Evolution – natural selection ("survival of the fittest")

Slight variations that enable a population to adapt better to its changing environment are preserved.

Mendelian Revolution – the discovery and acceptance of the "unit gene" (c. 1900)

Neo-Darwinian Synthesis – natural selection through favorable genetic mutations

# Charles Darwin, The Origin of Species (1859)

"...one long argument..."

Yes! Quite surprising at first! Truly a natural philosophy from a true naturalist!

# For what?

Species are mutable.

Natural selection is a *law* of nature.  $\leftarrow$  Darwin did not believe in chance.

#### Against what?

Natural theology in "a straw-god argument" (Jonathan Wells).

According to Darwin's Unitarian background, each species is created for its precise spot.

"I determined to collect blindly every sort of fact, which could bear any way on what are species...

At last gleams of light have come and I am almost convinced (quite contrary to the opinion I started with) that species are not (it is like confessing a murder) immutable."

—Charles Darwin to Joseph Hooker (January 11, 1844)

← a true naturalist

← self-awareness, fear

Is this deicide?

(from David Herbert)

## Assessment

Cosmogeny – the genesis of the world is a *history* question

Interdisciplinary Study – by necessity, but is scientific naturalism able to give such a Big Picture? Explanatory Power – which explanation has the most causal adequacy?

#### What would be a witness to evolution?

Past Records	Present Processes
Geological Column	Genetics / DNA
Fossil Record	Homology – Anatomical & Molecular
Geographic Distribution	Adaptation